t out with the sitting member, Charles K. Wheeler. The IId District is only less strongly Democratic than the Ist, Dr. J. B. Clary having personal terms the same and a plurality of over had there two years ago a plurality of over \$6,000. In the 1st the anti-Republican plurality \$6,000. In the 1st the anti-Republican plurality \$6,000. 8,000. In the 1st the anti-republican purranty was over 14,000. The HIId and IVth districts were carried by Republican candidates in 1894, and the HIId was lost in 1896 by Dr. W. Godfrey Hunter, now United States Minister to Guatemala, by only 346 votes. D. H. Smith, the present Democratic Representative, carried the IVth two years ago by a plurality of 1,577. Both districts seem certain to be Democratic next month. Dr. M. P. Creel, of Central City, is the nepublican nominee in the HIId, and Charles Hanford, of Rewieyville, in the IVth.

ganlord.

In the Vth District, which includes this city and county, Walter Evans has been renominated the Republicans, and has as opponents J. H. by the Republicans, and has as opponents J. H. Bambrick, a bolting Republican, and Oscar Jurner, formerly Sound Money Democrat, runsing on a free coinage platform. Mr. Turner is credited with having actively opposed P. Wat Hardin's election in 1895. He is being supported by "The Courier Journal," and in his canvass has ignored the sliver question and taken refuge in attacks on the Administration's management of the war. Two years ago Mr. Evans had a plurality of 10,630 over his free sliver Democratic opponent, John Young Brown. In 1897, however, the regular Democratic ticket wen in this county by 1,119 votes. With the Republican vote divided and both sliver and Sound Mosey Democratis supporting Mr. Turner, the sitting member has undoubtedly a difficult fight on his bands. He has, however, the confidence on his hands. He has, however, the confidence and favor of important local interests, and on his record of useful service in Congress may eventually bent both rivals. The district is at est very doubtful from a Republican point of

view this year.

The Vith and Vilth districts are safely Demoatic. Representative A. S. Berry, of Newport, all be re-elected in the one, and Representative and E. Settle, of Owenton, in the other. The epublican candidates are W. M. Donaldson, of wington, in the VIth, and T. J. Hardin, of one County, in the VIth.

Owen County, in the VIIth.
The Villth, or central district, of the State, The Vilith, or central district, of the State, was carried in 1806 rather unexpectedly by 6. M. Davison, the Republican candidate. He has been renominated, and is making a hard fight for re-election. Ex-Governor James B. McCreary had represented this district in Congress for several years, but saw signs of trouble ahead in 1808, and refused to run again. Mr. Davison's plurality two years ago was 2.481. Last fall the district was Democratic by only 813 untes. The chances of Republican success next month are therefore fairly promising. SIZ votes. The chances of Republican success next month are therefore fairly promising. Representative S. J. Puch, of Vanceburg, an experienced and able Republican, has been elected twice to Congress from the IXth Dis-

trict and expects to carry it again in November In 1896 he had a plurality of one, 423, and last year the thirteen counties in the district were Democratic by 696. Mr Pugh's personal strength and popularity ough; to turn the scale The Ain Institut, though close, has been constently Democratic. It comprises sixteen of a extreme eastern countles of the State, Repositionally T. Y. Flizpatrick, the sitting Consessman, had a plurality of nearly 1,200 in 66. W. J. Seliz, his Republican opponent, has say a fighting chance to win this fall. In the Xith, the mountain district, only the zerof the Republican plurality is open to conservery. It ranges from 10,000 to 14,000. Vincity is the Republican pour powers and he

ing is the Republican nominee, and no can enlarger his election. deven districts, then, six may be con-

sidered certainly Democratic and one certainly Republican. In one, the Xth, the Republicans have a slight chance; in three, the Vth, VIIIth 1Xth, the chances are about even

Only registered citizens can vote for Colonel Roosevelt. Register to-day.

ADDRESS TO RAILWAY EMPLOYES

HEARTY RECEPTION TO THE PRESIDENT AT THE FIRST REGIMENT ARMOR :- BI-CYCLE PARADE GIVEN UP.

Thicago, Oct. 20.-The weather for to-day, the of Chicago's Peace Jubilee, was even worse, if possible, than that of the preceding three Pefore the chief event, the railway em-reception, the President spent the time at the home of Captain McWilliams, re-Armory, where, together with Mayor Harrison, he was received by a large gathering of railway em-ployes. After the reception, the President ad-dressed the railread men, eliciting from them the warmest applause. In the gathering were repreed the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engine Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, the Order of Railroad Conductors and the Railway Telegra-

ed with prayer by Dr. Emil C. Hirsch. J. H. Walsh, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engiers, presided and delivered the opening address. He introduced Mayor Harrison, who delivered an address of welcome to President McKinley. The was frequently interrupted with applause. "I count myself fortunate to have the privilege of meeting with this great railroad organization in this great metropolis. I have had in the last ten days many most interesting and pleasing experithees as I journeyed through the country, but I assure you that not one of them has given me greater nected with the great railroads of the country.

It is fortunate that this great body of represent "It is fortunate that this great body of representative men and wamen have assembled in this city at a time when the people were celebrating the suspension of hostifities, with early hope of an honorable, just and triumphant pence. The railroad men of the country have been always for the country, happained in the railroad men of the country have always been for the flag of the country have always been for the flag of the country, and in every crisis of our Nations, history in war and in peace the men of your great organization have been loyal and faithful to every duly and bullgation. Yours in at once a profession of great nevery crisis of our Nations, history in war a peace the men of your great organization less. Injust you want a peace the men of your great organization less. Injust yours in at ones a profession of great and of grave responsibility. I know of notion in the sphere of human endeavor which with it greater obligations or higher response to the country you carry the rich explicitles that that of railroad men. You carry mineree of the country from the Atlantic to the rand you carry find and hourly the freight-human, ty, they trust to you, to your integral your tytelligence and to your fidelity for the larding of their lives, and I congratulate they from the bottom of my heart that in this eystem so interviewed with the everyday life citizens of the frequeble, we have such splenarater and surely high intelligence ing to you to-day not only my goodwill, but I you the ground allower you go in and out they before a critical and heaver you go in and out day before your countrymen, and you have leserved from your countrymen unstituted and approval for your fieldly to the great you represent. The victure of the people the fundation of the Republic, the power of ple is in the American fireview. The victure of the people in factorial and to specify the fundation of the Republic, the power of ple is in the American fireview. The victure of the people speaks from the home of the Propies and to the victure of the people speaks from the home of the Propies and to the people speaks from the home of the Propies and to the victure of the people speaks from the home of the Propies and to the victure of the people speaks from the home of the Propies of the holy altar of home is the first and the receives effect the second of the Propies of the Republic. The power of ple is in the American fireview. The work first language of the Propies of the Republic the power of ple is in the American fireview that the right of the people speaks from the home of the Propies of the Propies

At the conclusion of President McKinley's remarks the audience broke into wild cheers, which

lasted fully five minutes. The railroad reception at the armory was Presi-cent McKinley's last public appearance in Chicago in the Jublice, the wet west cer having made neces-sary the postponement of the bleyde parade.

FUNERAL OF MAJOR BEEBE.

W. H. Beebe, Ordnance Department, U. S. A., who ded in Havana on October 12 from yellow fever. arrived at West Point this afternoon for burial in the pest cemetery. Services were conducted in the adet chapel by Chaplain Shipman, of Company E, Battalion of Engineers, and the cavalry detach-ment is full dress and the Military Academy Band acted as an except.

COL GRIFFIN MAY REJOIN HIS COMMAND. Colonel Eugene Griffin, of the 1st Regiment of Volunteer Engineers, who has been ill at his home, tl Ardsley, ever since his return from Porto Rico, a month ago, left his house yesterday for the first line, going to Washington, whither he had been

summoned by the War Department on husiness connected with the regiment. It was said yester-day at the office of the General Electric Company. Of which he is first vice-president, that Colonel Original would probably soon rejoin his command in Porte Rico.

SITUATION AT MANILA. REPORT OF A FIGHT WITH INSURGENTS

DISCREDITED.

GENERAL OTIS REPORTS CONDITIONS IN NOT TO BE COMPARED IN NUMBERS AND EN-

LUZON IMPROVING. Washington, Oct. 20.-Under date of yesterday, General Otis cabled to the War Department as follows:

The situation in Luzon somewhat improved. Influence of Filipinos of education and property not desiring independent government, but hostile to Spain, gaining ascendancy in revolutionary councils. Promising nothing, but enforcing ary councils. Promising nothing, but enforcing the law. Complications seriously affect interisland commerce and diminish revenue. Affairs proceeding favorably, though sick report increasing, owing mostly to carelessness of enlisted men. Health of officers good. Condition of city and facilities for quartering troops improving. Fever decreasing. Intestinal troubles about the same. Many slight allments; small-pox apparently arrested. During the month twenty-eight deaths. Eight smallpox, eight typhoid fever, five malarial and intestinal comphoid fever, five malarial and intestinal complaints, three accidental.

General Otis cabled more than the above, but the Department does not deem it advisable to make the other portion of the dispatch public because of its bearing on the peace negotiations It contains suggestions regarding the disposition of the Philippines and information about the insurgents. The dispatch was cabled to the United States Pence Commissioners in Paris.

Further advices from General Otis were received at the War Department to-night. Adjutant-General Corbin declined to make public the nature of their contents, but he said they made no reference to the fight reported to have occurred between the ships of Admiral Dewey's squadron and those of the insurgents.

The sensational Spanish report of a naval battle between Admiral Dewey's vessels and the insurgent navy in the Philippines is received with absolute incredulity in both the Navy and War departments. If there has been any recent action Admiral Dewey has failed to mention it, and neither General Otis nor United States Consul Wildman has regarded it as worthy of notice.

It is believed at the Navy Department that the Spanish authorities refer to the seizure of the little steamer Abby by the McCulloch on September 23. This steamer was of American gents. He sent the McCulloch to stop this movement, but when the cutter found the Abby in Batanzas Bay, the latter vessel had landed her cargo of arms and the insurgents refused to give them up. Thereupon the Abby was seized and taken by the McCulloch to Manila. This affair could not be dignified with the name of a naval engagement, and Admiral Dewey, in reporting the seizure to the Navy Department, made little of it.

It is just possible that there have been some similar incidents, not deemed worthy of report, show that it is absurd to speak seriously of an insurgent navy, for the entire force consists of a few schooners and one or two little coasting steamers, all together not being a match for the least of the vessels under Dewey's command.

The explanation of the Admiral's interference with these vessels in their operations is a desire on his part to maintain the status quo in the Philippines pending the conclusion of the Peace Commission's work in Paris.

It is said here that it is not surprising that the Spanish Cabinet is trying to make much of any incident that can be twisted into a demonstration of actual hostilities between the American forces in the Philippines and the insurgents, for that would aid in sustaining the contention they are sure to put forward when the Philippines come under consideration before the Paris Commission, that the United States forces never have been able to take possession of and hold territory outside of Manila proper. Under the rules of international law this point would be entitled to serious consideration in determining what disposition should be made of the territory.

Be sure to get your name on the books.

ANARCHY IN THE PHILIPPINES.

AMERICANS CONTINUE TO CAPTURE REBEI VESSELS AS THEY ARRIVE AT CAVITE.

Manila, Oct. 20 .- Well authenticated reports have reached here of a terrible state of anarchy

in the Southern Philippines. The Spanjards there are cooped up in the

principal towns. The Americans continue capturing the rebel vessels as they arrive at Cavité. Two have

THE PHILIPPINES DISCUSSED. ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN ASIATIC

been captured this week.

ASSOCIATION.

"What shall we do with the Philippine Lands" was the question which came up for discussion at the regular annual meeting of the American Asiatic Association, held in the Chamber of Commerce yes. terday afternoon. President Everett Frazar prerided and made the opening address, saying in part:

rided and made the opening address, saying in part:

I believe that should President McKiniev eventually decide we must retain all the Philippines, or
even the larger Island of Luzon, which contains the
lay and city of Manila, we have good prospects for
the early development of important business both
in experts, which are likely to be free from duty,
and imports. Situated less than seven hundred
miles from Hong Kong, with good harbors and
warehouse facilities, we will indeed hold one of the
most important "open doors" for our own and
other foreign trade at the very gateway to the
great Chinese Empire—an advantage we cannot at
this time appreciate. this time appreciate

The Executive Committee then offered resolutions expressing the hope that no conditions of peace between the United States and Spain will be concurred in which do not secure for the United States equal privileges of trade in the Philippine Archipelago with all other countries.

The resolution caused some discussion, and it was voted by the association to refer it to the Executive Committee again for formulation and revision, to be acted upon at a special meeting, to be called soon. Then copies will be sent to President Mc-Kinley at Washington expressing to him the views of the association.

The following officers were chosen: President, Everett Frazar; vice-president, Samuel D. Brewster; treasurer, Joseph R. Patterson; secretary, John Foord: Executive Committee, Clarence Cary, Thomas A. Phelan, William H. Stevens, Albert Telt, Silas D. Webb, Francis B. Thurber and Albert

COLLIER NERO ON FIRE AT AMOY.

Manila, Oct 20.-The United States cruiser Boston and the collier Nero, which on October 5 were ordered to proceed to Hong Kong in connection with the recent disturbances at and near Peking, have arrived at Amoy, on the island of that name, in the Province of Fo-Kien, opposite Formosa, the former short of West Point, N. Y., Oct. 20.—The body of Major | coal and the latter with her cargo afire.

MANILA CABLE WORKING ALL RIGHT. London, Oct. 21.-The Eastern Telegraph Company says there is no foundation for the report, circulated in the United States, that the cable between Manila and Hong Kong has been cut by Admiral Dewey. The cable is working this morn-

DYSENTERY AMONG MANULA TROOPS. Victoria, B. C., Oct. 20.-The steamer Empress of Japan, just arrived from Hong Kong, brings word that the hospital ship Rio de Janeiro left Manila on September 16, and is now due at San Francisco with 459 men afflicted with dysentery on board Two died on the way from Marila to Hong Kong and were buried at sea, and there is said to be little hope for four or five others. Fourteen hundred of the troops at Manila are down with dysentery. The strange thing about it is that more Regulars are affected than volunteers.

HILL SPEAKS IN BROOKLYN.

THE DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

THUSIASM TO THE ROOSEVELT GATHERING

OF WEDNESDAY EVENING-THE OTHER SPEAKERS.

Brooklyn Democracy was unfortunate last night having its big meeting in the Academy of Music follow so closely the remarkable Roosevelt demonstration in the same hall on the night preceding. The Democrats turned out, to be sure, a large numher of them attracted, no doubt, by the chance to hear ex-Senator David B. Hill. The doors of the building were opened at 7 o'clock, but instead of filling up in five minutes, as at the Roosevelt meeting, seats could be had up to 7:30 o'clock. The hall was well filled, and many were standing up in the back part of the room when the meeting opened at 8 o'clock, but the audience could not compare, either in size or enthusiasm, with the one of Wednesday evening. There was only one American flag carried by the spectators. That its owner was Roosevelt man was evident when he waved his flag and yelled:

"Teddy's all right, you bet!" For this he was carried out as a disorderly per-

The newspaper tables were in the orchestra plt, so that the speakers and Democratic leaders had the whole front of the platform to themselves. They marched in in a body, and received the expected reception of applause and cheers. Among the leaders present were Police Commissioner Ber-Counsel William J. Carr, ex-Congressman William J. Coombs. ex-Mayor D. D. Whitney, Alderman Stephen McKeever, County Clerk William P. Wuest, Deputy County Clerk William J. Lynch, Edward J. O'Flynn, Senator P. H. McCarren, ex-Chief of Police Patrick J. Campbell and ex-Congressman Felix Campbell.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN.

At just 8 o'clock James L. Moffatt, the chairman of the Kings County General Committee, introduced General George Wingate as permanent chairman of the meeting. With little evidence of enthusiasm on the part of either the speaker or the audience. General Wingate began by congratulating "every ent election finds the Democratic party a unit. side by side in "the enthusiastic support of a can-

didate for Governor whom we all respect and admire." The cheers which greeted this allusion to Justice Van Wyck were so feeble that a thick gloom took possession of the speaker.

When General Wingste mentioned the name of the next speaker, ex-Scuator David B. Hill, the audience warmed up more than before, and he received a warm greeting. But the spontaneity and elasticity which made the enthusiasm so remarkable at the Roosevel meeting on Wednesday night were lacking. The cheers soon died out, and several in the audience made a futile attempt to keep up the demonstration. THE EX-SENATOR'S SPEECH.

Ex-Senator Hill had a pamphlet in als hand. It

was a printed copy of his speech, from which he There were about eight thousand words, and read. the reading took as much as an hour and a half. The audience followed the speaker at first, but weary long before he ended his address, so that many of the auditors hardly heard the closing "This tooks like old times to-night" was the way

in which ex-Senator Hill began his address. He told his hearers that he had had an important preto speak to them, but that, after he had received an urgent letter from "my cherished political the veteran leader of the Brooklyn Demec racy," it had seemed almost impossible for him to line to take part in the meeting. This allusion to Hugh McLaughlin evoked the enthusiasm of the crowd, and three justy cheers were given at the

peaker devoted several pages of his pam-assuring his audienc, that there were no

war issues which belonged solely to the Republican party. He continued:

The gehievements and glories of the recent war with Spain belong not to any political party, but to the whole country. This fact should be everywhere conceded; but if there is a disposition to inject partisanship into the consideration of the inject partisanship into the conjugation of the inject partisanship into the proposents. We may recall the plain facts of history. The people have not forgotten the great strugge in the halls of Congress, less than a year age, which preceded the declaration of war—the fact that, with a few and honorable exceptions, all the earnest pleas for intervention in behalf of Cuban liberty were uttered by Democratic leaders; the arbitrary refusal for months of a Republican Speaker, backed by the dominant majority, to even consider the Cuban question at all; the steady, persistent and determined efforts of the Democratic minority to force the Cuban question to the front, alded by the powerful Democratic press of the country and determined to the partiotic sentiment of the people, until at last their efforts were crowned with success, and a halting and reluctant Administration was forced to inaugurate a war in behalf of humanity and civilization to which at heart it was opposed.

EFFECT OF THE WAR TALK.

e audience grew enthusiastic as Mr. Hill spoke of the war, and seemed to be immensely tickled tle glory for the achievements in the Spanish American conflict. When Mr. Hill spoke of the 'war message of President McKinley" some man at the back of the platform shouted: "You bet we will never forget it!" The people, thinking that the shouter favored McKinley, set up a clamo:

of "Put him out! Put him out!" The speaker continued:

But now that "this cruel war is over" and American valor has easily triumphed on both sea and land, and the American flag proudly floats over our newly acquired territory—never, as it is fondly hoped, to be lowered again—these postwar patriots who nover lifted their voices in behalf of Cuban liberty when that cause was in diredistress and needed friends, come forward with unbecoming haste not simply to share, but to monopolize all the glories of the war.

But it proved to be a popular note, for the audience wakened out of its spathy and cheered the hope that the flag would never be lowered. Mr. Hill then tried to show that a Democratic longress was essential to investigate the conduct of the war, after which he took up in order the insues which the Democrats have raised—canal scandals, Raines law, the Black Election law, National Guard, Civil Service and a few minor issues issues which Roosevelt has met He tried to say that because no indictments had been made in the canal scandals, the Democrats should be put in power to do it. He did say, however, that Roosevelt, if elected, would not do it.

THE ELECTION LAW DENOUNCED In his denunciation of the Metropolitan Election lary the temper of his hearers was clearly shown when they exhibited neisy and joyous approval of the following advice:

If any of McCullagh's men interfere wit lective franchise, knock him down on the The audience went into a frenzy of excitement, and it would have gone hard for an election in-pector if he had been dropped into the audi-

spector if he had been dropped into the additional torbum. Then came a long section of the pamphlet filled with figures purporting to show Republican extravagance, which the people apparently falled to follow. When the ex-Senator began to talk of "the good old Democratic party" the "old stagers" woke up from their legarthy again and applauded vicorously. He ended his address with the name of Justice Augustus Van Wyck and a bright prophecy of coming success.

Frederick C. Schaub and General Isaac S. Catlin also spoke, but the audience was tired, and both addresses were cut short. There was plenty of room in the big hall before the meeting was dismissed.

THE "LODGING-HOUSE KING" DEAD.

Edward Flynn, "The Lodging-house King," as he was familiarly known on the Bowery, died sud-lenly early yesterday morning at his home, No. 214 He had attended a meeting of the Timothy D. Sullivan Association, on Wednesday night, and returned home at 11:39 p. m., going to bed almost immediately. An hour later he was found dead in his bed, the cause probably being heart disease. Mr. Flynn was a man of more than three hundred pounds weight, and is said to have been troubled with a weak heart. He was thirty-nine years old. He leaves a widow

He was thirty-nine years old. He leaves a winds and a five-year-old boy. When he came to this country from Fernagh, county Leitrim, Ireland, twenty-one years are, he was penniless. He was the owner of rick loweiny-house, six in Manhat-tan and three in Brooklyn. He was a member of the Timothy D. Sullivan and Patrick Diver asso-ciations, sud prominent in Tammany Hall. POLITICAL BALLOT AT THE EDEN MUSEE.

Much interest has been evinced in the two lifelike figures of the condidates for Governor at the Eden Missée. A bailot-box stands in front of Roosevelt and Van Wyck, and the visitors are requested to cast a bailot for their choice. The result last right, at the end of the first three days, was: Roosevelt, 1,265; Van Wyck, 942.

FEW COMPLAINTS HEARD.

WORK OF THE INVESTIGATING COMMIS-SION IN JACKSONVILLE ENDED.

THE MEMBERS PLEASED WITH THE RESULT ING-THE EVIDENCE YESTERDAY.

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 29.-The War Department Investigating Commission left Jacksonville to-night, Atlanta being the next stopping place. Tomorrow will be devoted to Atlanta, and it is possible that a longer stay will be made there. The Commissioners are generally pleased with

the result of their labors here. They have natu

rally met with complaints, but these have usually dealt with comparatively unimportant points and in few, if any, cases have they indicated neglect or culpable mismanagement. one private or non-commissioned officer from each regiment has been called, and in many cases more selected at random, the Commissioners merely asking that men be sent to them without any specification of the purpose for which they were called. They have, without exception, said that they were receiving enough to eat and wear. There were occasional complaints of defects in clothing or a request for a greater variety of food, but developed among this class of witnesses. In some cases a deficiency of supplies at the beginning of the camp's history was shown, and more or less tainted meat has been received by the men, but it was agreed by all the witnesses that the first endition was due to the congestion at Tampa and the latter to the climate.

General McCook and Colonel Sexton returned to day from their investigation of conditions at Tampa. They found the congestion that occurred there at the beginning of the war due to the fact that cars were shipped from all over the country without being labelled and without for-warding bills of lading. Several professional female nurses were heard at

the morning session, including Miss Copeland, chief

nurse in the Third Division Hospital; Miss Robbins, head nurse in the First Division Hospital; Miss Hubbard, head nurse in the Second Division Hospital, and Misses Walker and Waters, ward murses. Miss Copeland spoke in commendation of the con duct of the hospitals, and she said that the nurses were well treated and apparently greatly respected. pliances for the sick, such as hot-water bottles which, while not a necessity, were often a comfort Some nurses had made complaints, but they were the kind of persons, she said, who are never satis-Major James E. Pilcher, of the Regular Arms

been no difficulty in securing an abundance of medical supplies, and that they were much more plent!ful and of greater variety than was usual in the Regular Army. Dr. Conner said that the country was full of the

was not capable of meeting the demands on it, and that but for the aid of such relief societies as the Red Cross there would have been actual suffering. Dr. Pilcher replied that such was not the case, and he maintained that the Government could take good care of its own sick. He said that it would have been ungracious not to accept the aid offered by the relief societies. report that the medical department of the Army was not capable of meeting the demands on it, and

was the first witness at the afternoon session. He said he had no complaint whatever to make con cerning any department of the Government, and that he knew of no case of wilful neglect. When Colonel W. J. Bryan was called, he asked

Colonel Taylor, of the 4th Virginia Regiment,

to be excused from testifying, requesting that his lieutenant-colonel be examined in his stead "You will, I have no doubt, understand my rea sons for the request," he said.

"I think the request proper and reasonable," re plied ex-Governor Beaver, and, as the Commission assented to this concession. Colonel Bryan was excused, with the regiest to send up his lieutenant-colonel.

Church in Washington and field agent at Jacksonville for the Red Cross, was questioned concern ing the operations of the Red Cross at this point He said he had been received cordially by the surgeons, and he had co-operated with them. He had the Second Division hospital in its early history. This was in midsummer, and men lay uncovered on account of the short supply of blankets. He supplied the deficiency. There was also at that a shortage of tents and food suitable for typhoid fever patients. He had undertaken to supply the deficiency, and had distributed two car-

Among the other witnesses examined were Lieutenant Jones, commissary of the 4th Virginia: Private Allen O. White, of the same regiment: Private Allen O. White, of the same regiment: Private S. C. Thompson of the 5d Nebraska; Lieutenant Freeman, commissary of the 15ist Indiana; commissary Sergeant Morse, of the 15ist Indiana; She will take part in the Peace Jubilee there, and James R. Pourle a company commissary sergeant James R. Pourle a company commissary sericant
of the 6th Missouri, and Private James T. James
of the 6th Missouri. All these witnesses expressed
themselves as satisfied with their treatment. The
commissary officers said that the rations were
abundant, but that occasionally the fresh meat
was tainted, owing to the heat. The privates found
no fault, saying that they ____ enough to eat, and
the food was generally good.

No Republican should be too careless of too cowardly to register. Register to-day.

CHESS WITH LIVING PIECES. A NOVEL GAME PLAYED ON THE STAGE OF THE WINDSOR THEATRE.

game of chess with living pieces was pl A game of chess with living pieces was played on the stage of the Windsor Theatre, in this city, last evening, the players being Max Ginsterg and Julius Finn, both members of the Cosmopolitan Chess Club. The pieces were represented by men. women and children, who were attired in appro-priate dresses, and after Dr. H. Siff, the president of the Cosmopolitan Club, had introduced "Gus" H. Koehler, the referce, and the players, the same was started. Finn relied upon a French defence, and the game was rather cautiously played by both experts. Finally a simple position was arrived at, and, after thirty moves, the players, on the advice of the referee decided to draw the game. Here follows the full score of the game:

FRENCH DEPENCE. WHITE, BLACK,
Ginsterg, Finn,
1 P K 4 P K 3
2 P Q 4 P K 3
3 Kt Q B 3 K Kt D 2
5 Q Kt K 2 P Q B 3
8 K Q B 3
8 K K Q B 3
8 K K Q B 3
8 K K B B 3
9 K G K 3
9 K G K 3
1 Castles P B 3
1 Castles P B 3 14 P Q Kt 3 R K 15 B K 3 Kt B

Only registered citizens can vote for Colonel Roosevelt. Register to-day.

ADVERSE TO STAYING IN ACTIVE SERVICE. MEMBERS OF THE NINTH REGIMENT VOTE OVER

WHELMINGLY IN FAVOR OF BEING

The members of the 9th Regiment met at their armory yesterday, at the order of Colonel Greene, to consider whether they desired to remain in the

service or not. Unless the regiment remains service it will be mustered out October 31. Colonel Greene made a speech to the men, saying that if the majority did not wish to remain in the service regiment would probably be mustered out, and if it remained in the service those who desired to leave the regiment would receive honorable dis Every company voted overwhelmingly not to stay

he to service. The proportion was about 6 to 1. In those companies where the returns could be secured the voting was as follows: Company B. 74 to 14; Company N. 66 to 12; Company B. 89 to 7; Company I. 75 to 19; Company R. 69 to 6; Company I. 76 to 10; Company R. 69 to 6; Company to remain in the service.

Up to date thirty-one deaths of members of the regiment have been reported to the adjutant. THE COMAL ARRIVES FROM MATANZAS.

The United States transport Comal, Captain

Evans, arrived at Quarantine at 10 o'clock last evening from Matanzas, having left there on October 14. The Comal left Tampa, Fla., on August Roosevelt and Van Wyck, and the visitors are requested to cast a hallot for their choice. The result last night, at the end of the first three days, was: Roosevelt, 1,265; Van Wyck, 942.

COURT OF APPEALS CALENDAR,

Albany, Oct. 2h.—Court of Appeals calendar for Friday, October 21; Nos. 600, 542, 570, 601, 606, 607, 614

and 617.

25 for Havana, laden with provisions and supplies. Not being allowed to land, she was ordered to key West, leaving Havana on September 15 and arriving at Key West on the 16th. Leaving that arriving at Key West on the 16th. Leaving that arriving at Key West on the 16th. Leaving that arriving at Key West, leaving Havana on September 15 and arriving at Key West on the 16th. Leaving that arrivi OBITUARY.

JOHN M. GREGORY.

Washington, Oct. 20 .- John M. Gregory, one of the first Commissioners under the present Civil Service law and for thirteen years president of the University of Illinois, died here last night, aged seventy-six. He was born in New-York, but speut much of his life in educational work in Michigan and Illinois. After his retirement from the Civil Service Commission, in 1885, Mr. Gregory travelled abroad collecting material for a work on sociology, which was never finished, owing to falling health. He was the author of severa, books.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL JOSEPH ROBERTS. Brevet Brigadier-General Joseph Roberts, who

died in Philadelphia on Tuesday, was born in Delaware in 1814, and was graduated from the West Point Military Academy on July 1, 1835. He was appointed a brevet second lieutenant of the 4th Ar-Throughout his career he remained a member of that regiment, rising to the rank of colonel. the forty-two years of his active service he took part in the Creek War of 1835, the Florida War of 1833-27, the Seminole, Mcxlcan and the Civil wars. In the Civil War he was chief of artillery of the Seventh Army Corps, and for two years he was colonel of the 3d Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery. was colone of the 3d Fennsylvania heavy Articley,
He was brevetted a brigadier-general of the Army
on March 12, 1855. Throughout his career General
Roberts gave instruction for several extended
periods at West Point and at the Artillery School
of Practice at Fort Monroe, and he was the author of a "Handbook of Artillery." General Roberts was retired from active service on July 2, 1877,
being at the time on duty at the Presidio, in San
Francisco.

THEODORE F. RUHLE.

Theodore F. Ruhle, secretary of the General Committee of the Republicans of the County of New-York, died yesterday morning in his home, at No. 305 East Twenty-first-st., after an illness which had lasted several weeks. He was a close political friend and follower of William Brookfield for years, and for several years he had been the leader of the anti-machine Republican organization in the VIIIth Assembly District. He was an active and earnest political worker and was prominent in the movement to secure primary election reform in the

WILLIAM H. WHITFORD.

William H. Whitford, a pioneer clothing merchant, died at h's home, at Nutley, N. J., at 12:19 o'clock yesterday morning, after a brief illness. He was born in Assonet, Bristol County, R. I., in 1831, and received the conservative education accorded In 1850 he began work in Providence as a cierk in a clothing house. he went with the firm of Little, Payan & Carhart, in Duane-st., New-York, and shortly afterward be-came a partner in the concern, which subsequently known as Shafer, Whitford & Co. Mr. Shafer died, and the firm of Carbart, Whitford depot surgeon for the Seventh Army Corps, said & Co. was organized and continued until succeeded that since the early days of the camp there had by the present firm of Hackett, Carbart & Co. Five by the present firm of Hackett, Carman, a Co. years ago Mr. Whitford retired from active business life. Entering the clothing trade when it was first conducted as a systematic industry, and continuing in it through the innumerable changes which have taken place in thirty years, Mr. Whitforl's excellent memory of men and affairs qualified him as one of the best authorities on the history of the trade. He was known in nearly all sections of the United States.

TICKET BROKERS ENJOINED.

RAILROAD COMPANIES TAKE ACTION AGAINST "TICKET SCALPING" IN CHICAGO. Chicago, Oct. 20.- The fight between the rallroads

and the ticket brokers, resulting from the efforts of the former to prevent the "scalping" of tickets by the latter, has been taken into court. Seven railroads to-day petitioned for an injunction restraining the sale by the brokers of excursion tickets issued by the reads on account of the Peace Jubilee in this city. The companies concurring in the several petitions, which were identical in form, presented to the Court, are the Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville, Pennsylvania, Lake Shore and Michimn Seuthern, Big Four, Michigan Central, Chicago and Grand Trunk and the Wabash. The plea in each case sets up that the ticket brokers, through alleged fraudulent transfer of the individual onefare round-trip tickets issued by the roads for the fare round-trip tickets issued by the roads for the Jubilee, have caused the roads great financial loss, and that through the number of offenders any remedy by a suit at law is impracticable. The petition was presented to Master in Chancery Leaming, and upon his recommendation a temporary restraining order was issued by Judge Smith. Owing to delay in securing the necessary bond, service on the order will be made to-morrow morning. The brokers against whom the injunction is levied number thirty-two and include nearly all the downtown "ticket-scalpers."

for a cleaning, preparatory to sailing for the Pa-

The hospital ship Solace, flying the Red Cross flag, left the Navy Yard yesterday forenoon, and passed Sandy Hook, bound for Norfolk, at 12:15 p. m.

Register and enroll as a Republican to-day!

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Washington, Oct. 20. - The Southwestern storm has divaled, one part being central this evening off the middle Gulf Coast and the other over eastern Lake Michigan. The rain area attending this storm has covered the Missis oppi and Middle and Lower Ohio valleys, the Wester region and the Gulf States, and, following its east lake region and the Gulf States, and, following its casiward movement, the temperature has failen 10 to 20 degrees in the Lower Mississippi Valley. During Friday the
rain area will extend over the Atlantic Coast States, and
fair weather will prevail west of the Mississippi. Frost
will occur Friday morning in the States of the Lower
Mississippi Valley, almost to the Gulf Coast line. High
southeasterly, shifting to northwesterly, winds will prevail in the Eastern lake region, and the winds of the
South Atlantic Coast and over the East Gulf are likely
to become dangerously high from east to northeast.
Sterm signals are displayed on the lower lakes, and information eignals have been ordered along the Middle
and East Gulf and South Atlantic coasts.

YESTERDAY'S RECORD AND TO DAY'S FORECAST.

POPPCAST IN DETAIL FOR TO DAY. For New-England and Eastern New-York, Increasing cloudiness and rain; easterly winds, becoming brisk an

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS. HOURS: Morning. Night. 30 0 In this diagram the continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recogning barometer. The dotted line shows the temperature as recorded at Perry's Pharmacy.

The weather yesterday was fair. The temperature ranged between 66 and 54 degrees, the average (60%) being 6% higher than on Wednesday and % higher than on the corresponding date last year.

In and near this city to-day there will probably be rath.

REDUCED RATES TO PHILADELPHIA VIA ROYAL BLUE LINE FOR THE PEACE JUBILEE.

For the Peace Jubilee at Philadelphia, October 26th and 27th, the Royal Blue Line will sell round-trip tickets from all stations to Philadelphia at rate of single fare for round trip. Tickets will be sold and good going Oct. 24th to 27th and returning leave Philadelphia to October 31st inclusive. Stations in New-York, Central R. R. of New-Jersey, foot of Liberty Street and South Ferry. ONLY perfectly sound and brilliant bottled als, it a trace of sediment or dregs.

MARRIED.

ALLEN-HEGEMAN-At St. John's Church, Brooklyn,
N. Y., on Wednesday, October 19, 1898, by Rev. A.
Randolph B. Hegeman, assisted by Rev. S. M. Haskins, D. D. Edith May, daughter of Mr. and Mrs.
Thomas Hegeman, to Henry Herbert Allen, in:
BRISTOW-BRIOWN-At Breeze Bill, Northport, Long
Island, Wednesday, October 19, by the Rev. William
Holden, Florens Anne, second daughter of Henry Carlwright Brown, to Allen Samuel Hardy Bristow, of Virginia. game.

J. A. H. H. L. Con Thursday, October 20, 1898, at the residence of the Bride's parents, No. 60 West Stithett, by the Rev. Dr. Van De Water, Edythe Mae, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Hall, to James M.

ENO-LABOUISSE—On Wednesday, October 10, 1898, at the residence of the bride's aunt. Mrs. William Phelps Eco. Saugatuck. Conn. by the Rec. Dr. Vibbert, Edith Marie Labouisse, daughter of Peter Labouisse, esq. of New Orleans, to Henry Lane Eno.

New Orleans, to Henry Lane Eno.

HAYS—SANDERS—On Wedneaday, October 19, 1898, at the Madison Avenue Hapitst Church, by Rev. Henry M. Sandera, assisted by Rev. W. H. P. Faunce, Mary Noxon, daughter of Dr. Charles Walton Sanders, to Mr. William Henry Hays, of this city.

M. MURTRIE—HAWDEN—on Wedneaday, October 19, 1898, at Freshold, N. J., by the Rev. C. B. Fisher, Adella Dey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Bawden, and Herbert John McMurtris.

DODGE—On Wednesday, October 19, Mary Martha Dodge, late of Greeley, Pike County, Penn., widow of Sewell Valentine Dodge, of New-York City. Funeral services at the residence of her daughters, Mrs. William Elliott Phelps and Mrs. Homer Heminway, No. 220 East 13th st., between Avenues B and C. Flatbush, Long Island, on Friday, the 21st, at 8:30 o'clock in the evening.

evening. Interment at convenience of family.

DU PONT-On October 20, at Wilmington, Del. Anne Ridgely Du Pont, widow of Charles I, Du Pont. Puneral from her late residence, No. 1,223 Market-st., Saturday, 22d inst., at 2 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers. Interment private.

EMMANS—On Thursday morning, October 20, Betsy Williams, wife of the late John A. Emmans, in the 80th year of her age.

Funeral services at the residence of her son-in-law, Dr. Frederick C. De Mund, No. 3,731 22d-ave., Brooklyn, Szturday afternoon, October 22, at 2 o'clock.

FLOYD—On Thursday morning, October 20, 1898, at her home, near the village of Greenport, Long Island, in the SSth year of her age, Lydia Smith, widow of David Geiston Floyd and daughter of the late William Smith, end, of St. George's Manor, Long Island. Notice of funeral services hereafter. FRENCH On Thursday, October 20, Sarah Rushmore, beloved wife of John French.
Funeral from her la'e residence, No. 460 Clinton-eve.

Notice hereafter.

GRAY—At Greenwich, Conn. October 20, 1808, Mary Halle Mygait Gray, only daughter of Annie Cole Martin and the late Colonel George Starr Mygait and the granddaughter of the late Hon. George Mygait of Cleveland, Ohlo. Funeral from the residence of her stepfather, Dr. Carl E. Martin, Putnam-ave., Brocklyn, Saturday, October 22, at 3 p. m.

KELLY On Wednesday, October 19, 1898, Agnes E., eldest daughter of James J. and Mary A. Kelly, at residence, No. 543 4th-ave., Brocklyn Puneral services on Saturday, October 22, 10 o'clock sharp, at Holy Family Church, 13th st., near 4th-ave. PATTERSON—On Thursday, October 20, 1808, James A. Patterson, in the 84th year of his age. Puneral service at his late residence, No. 123 Park Place, Brooklyn, on Saturday, 2:30 p. m. Interment private.

PONTIN On Monday, October 17, William S. Pontin, aged 73 years.

Puneral service at Church of the Transfiguration, Mottast, on Friday, October 21, at 10:20 a. m.

Relatives and friends respectfully invited to attend, London England, papers please copy.

ROELOFSON-Suddenly, at her home in Morristown, N. J., on Monday evening, October 17, Mary Agnes Roelofson. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, on Friday, October 21, at 12 Interment at convenience of family. Cincinnati and Boston papers please copy.

SQUIRE—At his home, Stamford, John., Thursday marn-ing, October 29, 1898, Newton Requa Squire, son of the late Rela S. Squire. Funeral private.

uneral services at her late none on armony, box 24, at 11 o'clock a. m. arriages will be in waiting on arrival of the 10:06 a. train from Grand Central Depot.

WHITFORD—At Nurley, N. J., October 29, 1898, William H. Whitford, in the 68th year of his age.
Puneral services from his late residence, in Nurley, N.
J., on Saturday, October 22, on arrival of the train
leaving Chambers at, et 3:15 p. m.
Priends are invited to attend.

WITHERHEE On Thursday, October 20,

The Stephen Merritt Burial Co., 241 243 West directors; prompt service, day or night.

Special Notices.

Daily, \$10 a year \$1 per month.
Indity, without Sunday, \$8 a year; \$20 cents per month
Sunday Tribune \$2 a wear. Weekly, \$1. Semi-weekly, \$2
POSTAGE. Extra postage is charged to foreign countries
except Mexico and Caunda, and on the daily in New-York City. NOTE CITY.

REMITTANCES. If sent in cash, unregistered, will be at the owner's risk.

MAIN OFFICE. -104 Navadust.
LTTOWN OFFICE. -1242 Broadway.
AMERICANS AFROAD WI find The Tribune at:
London-Office of The Tribune, 149 Fleet st.
Morton, Chaplin & Co., No. 6 Princess st. E. C.
Brown, Gould & Co., No. 6 Princess st. E. C.
Brown, Gould & Co., The New Oxford-st.
Thomas Cook & Sea, Ludgate Circus.
Parts-J. Munroe & Co., 7 Rue Scribe.
Hottinguer & Co., 38 Rue de Provence.
Morgan, Harles & Co., 31 Boulevard Haussmann,
Credit Lyonnais, Eureau des Etrangers.
Thomas Cook & Son. I Place de "Opera,
Geneva-Lombard Office & Co., and Union Bank.
Florence-Whitty & Co.
Vienna-Angle-Austrian Bank,
St. Petersburgs-Credit Lyonnais.
The London office of The Tribune is a convenient pla
to leave advertisements and subscriptions.

Register To-Day

JUDGES DALY and COHEN

Punish the attempt to intimidate the Courts.

TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.

WEST INDIES, ETC.

SATURDAY—At 2:30 a.m. for Newfoundiand, per s. s. Carean, from Philadelphia, at 5 a.m. for La Plata countries direct, per a. s. Carean, at 10 a.m. for La Plata, enterty 10:30 a.m., for Pertune Island, Jamaica, Savanilla and Carthagena, per s. s. Alleghany detters for Costa Rica must be directed "per Alleghany detters for Costa Rica must be directed "per Alleghany detters for Costa Rica must be directed and season and Yucatan, per s. s. Seguranca detters for other parts of Maxis, must be directed "per Seguranca"); at 11 a.m. supplementary 11:30 a.m. for Posco, Venezuela and Curacao, also Savanilla and Carthagena, via Curacao, per s. s. Caracas; at 12 m. for Newfoundiand, per s. s. Portia, at 12 m. for Curacao and Maracaillo, per s. s. Maracaillo; at 8:30 p. m. for Newfoundiand, per steamer from North Sydney.

SINDAY—At 13 p. m. for Puerto Cortez and Guatemala, per steamer from New Orleans.

Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to Plantax, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8.30 p. m. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Beston and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8.30 p. m. Mails for Cuba close at this office daily at 7 a. m., for forwarding by steamers satisfier Mondays and Thursdays from Port Tamos, Fla. Mails for Mexice City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 2.30 a. m. and 2.30 p. m. tRegistered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day.

THANNPACIFIC NAILS.

Registered mail closes at 5 p. m. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for China, Japan and Hawail, per s. s. Doric trom Sac Francisco), close here daily up to October 23 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for the Society Islands, per ship 23 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for the Society Islands, per ship up to October 25 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for Australia except those for West Australia, which are forwarded via capt those for West Australia, which are forwarded via capt those for West Australia, which are forwarded via capt those for West Australia, which are forwarded via capt up to October 23 at 7 a. m. 11 s. m. and 6:30 p. m. or on arrival of New-Vork of s. s. Etruria with British mails for Australia). Mails for China and Japan, per s. s. Empress of Japan (free, Vancouver), close here daily up to October 23 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for Hawaii, per s. s. Australia (Form San Francisco) close here daily up to November 10 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for Australia (except West Australia). New-Zealand, Hawaii and Fiji Islands, per s. s. Aorangi (from Vancouver), close here daily after October 23 and up voncember 10 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per s. s. Victoria (from Tacoma), close here daily up to November 10 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per s. s. Victoria (from Tacoma), close here daily up to November 23, at 6:30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per s. s. Victoria (from Tacoma), close here daily up to November 3, at 6:30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per s. s. Victoria (from Tacoma), close here daily up to November and the schelule of cosing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterruped overland transit. Regis sumption of their uninterruped overland transit. Regis tered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day.

Fostoffice, New-York, N. Y., Oct. 14, 1888.

THORNE—At Davenport's Neck, New-Rochelle, on Thursday, October 20. Susanna Werman, widow of William 8. Thorne and daughter of the late Lawsence Davenport, in the Sith year of her age. Funeral services at her late home on Monday, October

Woodlawn Cemetery.
Office, No. 20 E. 23d-st.
Woodlawn Station, (24th Ward). Harlem Ratiroad.

Tribune Terms to Mail Subscribers.

So that you may vote for

YOURSELF, YOUR FAMILY AND YOUR PROPERTY.

A free, fearless, honest Court means safety to

Astonishingly high prices paid for ladies, gen-men's and children's caston Wearing Apparel, fine ev-ing and street costumes, &c. Call or address Mr. or X M. NAFTAL, 744 6th ave., transactions confidential.

(Should be read DAILY by all interested, as changes may corr at any time.)

Foreign mails for the week ending October 22, 1898, will close upromptly in all rases; at the General Postoffice as follows: Parrels Post Mails close one hour earlier than closing time shown below:

TRANSATIANTIC MAILS.

SATURDAY.—At 6.30 a. m. for France. Switzerland, Indix, Spain, Pertugui, Turkey, Egopt and British India, Ipri s. s. I.a. Navarre, via Havre tleiters for other parts of Europe must be directed "per La Navarre"), at 6.30 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. Limida, via Quienntown detters for France, Switzerland, Italy Spain, Fortugal, Turkey, Egopt and British India must be directed "per Limbria"); at 8 a. m. for Netherlands direct, per s. s. Spaarndam, via Rotterdam detters must be directed "per Spaarndam", at 9 a. m. for Raly, per s. s. Werra, via Naules detters must be directed "per Werra"; at 10 a. m. for Sociand direct, per s. s. Anchoria"); at 10:30 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. Belgenland, via Glassy wildters must be directed "per Anchoria"); at 10:30 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. Belgenland, via Glassy wildters must be directed "per Reigenland".

Atter the classing of the supplementary transatlantic mails named above, additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, Franch and German steamers, and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer.

MAILS POR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA,
WEST INDIES, ETC.

Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to Halifax,